

## 1.3 – PERANGKAAN PENTING NEGARA MEMBANGUN TERPILIH

## 1.3 – KEY ECONOMIC DATA OF SELECTED DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

	KDNK Benar (% Pertumbuhan)	KDNK Per Kapita (USD)	Indeks Harga Pengguna (%)	Kadar Pengangguran <sup>1</sup> (%)	Iimbangan Akaun Semasa (USD billion)	Rizab Antarabangsa Kasar (USD billion)	Eksport Kasar (USD billion)	Import Kasar (USD billion)
	Real GDP (% Growth)	GDP Per Capita (USD)	Consumer Price Index (%)	Unemployment Rate <sup>1</sup> (%)	Current Account Balance (USD billion)	Gross International Reserves (USD billion)	Gross Exports (USD billion)	Gross Imports (USD billion)
<b>China</b>								
2012	7.7	6,249	2.6	4.1	215.4	3,387.5	2,048.7	1,818.4
2013	7.7	6,975	2.6	4.1	148.2	3,880.4	2,209.0	1,950.0
2014	7.3	7,572	2.0	4.1	219.7	3,900.0	2,342.3	1,959.2
2015 <sup>2</sup>	6.8	8,280	1.5	4.1	347.8	3,651.3 <sup>4</sup>	1,264.8 <sup>4</sup>	959.6 <sup>4</sup>
<b>2016<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>8,866</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>344.4</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>
<b>Hong Kong SAR</b>								
2012	1.7	36,589	4.1	3.3	4.1	317.4	493.4	554.2
2013	3.1	38,182	4.3	3.4	4.1	311.2	535.5	622.3
2014	2.5	40,033	4.4	3.2	5.4	328.5	524.1	600.8
2015 <sup>2</sup>	2.5	42,097	2.9	3.2	6.8	339.9 <sup>4</sup>	285.2 <sup>4</sup>	317.8 <sup>4</sup>
<b>2016<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>43,792</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>
<b>India</b>								
2012	5.1	1,496	10.2	3.6	-88.2	297.8	301.9	503.5
2013	6.9	1,508	10.0	3.6	-32.4	296.2	319.7	482.3
2014	7.3	1,627	5.9	8.1	-27.5	322.8	329.6	472.8
2015 <sup>2</sup>	7.3	1,808	5.4	7.9	-30.4	314.2	302.1	447.1
<b>2016<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>1,942</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>-37.3</b>	<b>325.9</b>	<b>332.4</b>	<b>488.9</b>
<b>Republik Korea Republic of Korea</b>								
2012	2.3	24,454	2.2	3.2	50.8	323.2	547.9	519.6
2013	2.9	25,998	1.3	3.1	81.1	363.3	559.6	515.6
2014	3.3	27,970	1.3	3.5	89.2	385.3	331.5	309.0
2015 <sup>2</sup>	2.7	27,513	0.7	3.7	98.4	407.7	314.3 <sup>4</sup>	261.2 <sup>4</sup>
<b>2016<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>28,525</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>96.9</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>
<b>Taiwan</b>								
2012	2.1	21,270	1.9	4.2	49.0	403.2	301.2	270.5
2013	2.2	21,874	0.8	4.2	55.3	416.8	305.4	269.9
2014	3.8	22,600	1.2	4.0	65.4	419.0	313.7	274.0
2015 <sup>2</sup>	2.2	22,083	-0.1	4.0	64.1	n.a.	165.9 <sup>4</sup>	136.6 <sup>4</sup>
<b>2016<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>22,928</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>63.8</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>
<b>Australia</b>								
2012	3.6	67,854	1.7	5.2	-66.4	49.1	257.9	270.1
2013	2.1	64,271	2.4	5.6	-51.5	52.8	254.2	249.9
2014	2.7	61,066	2.5	6.1	-43.7	53.9	240.8	240.5
2015 <sup>2</sup>	2.4	51,642	1.8	6.3	-50.0	53.2	187.5	201.3
<b>2016<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>51,257</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>-51.3</b>	<b>55.4</b>	<b>205.4</b>	<b>217.0</b>
<b>Brazil</b>								
2012	1.8	12,106	5.4	5.4	-84.4	373.2	243.0	233.0
2013	2.7	11,894	6.2	6.2	-90.9	358.8	242.0	251.0
2014	0.1	11,604	6.3	4.8	-103.6	363.6	225.0	239.0
2015 <sup>2</sup>	-3.0	9,312	8.9	6.6	-72.8	344.4	112.9 <sup>4</sup>	113.0 <sup>4</sup>
<b>2016<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>-1.0</b>	<b>9,354</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>-63.2</b>	<b>345.7</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>
<b>Rusia Russia</b>								
2012	3.4	14,069	5.1	5.5	71.3	537.8	529.3	335.4
2013	1.3	14,467	6.8	5.5	34.1	509.7	523.3	341.3
2014	0.6	12,718	7.8	5.1	59.5	386.2	497.8	308.0
2015 <sup>2</sup>	-3.8	8,447	15.8	6.5	61.8	n.a.	210.2 <sup>4</sup>	110.9 <sup>4</sup>
<b>2016<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>-0.6</b>	<b>8,058</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>63.9</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>	<b>n.a.</b>

<sup>1</sup> Komposit bagi kumpulan negara ialah purata kadar pengangguran negara diwajibkan mengikut jumlah tenaga buruh di negara berkenaan.

<sup>2</sup> Anggaran.

<sup>3</sup> Unjuran.

<sup>4</sup> Pada 31 Julai 2015.

<sup>1</sup> Composites for the country groups are averages of national unemployment rates weighted by labour force in the respective countries.

<sup>2</sup> Estimate.

<sup>3</sup> Forecast.

<sup>4</sup> As at 31 July 2015.